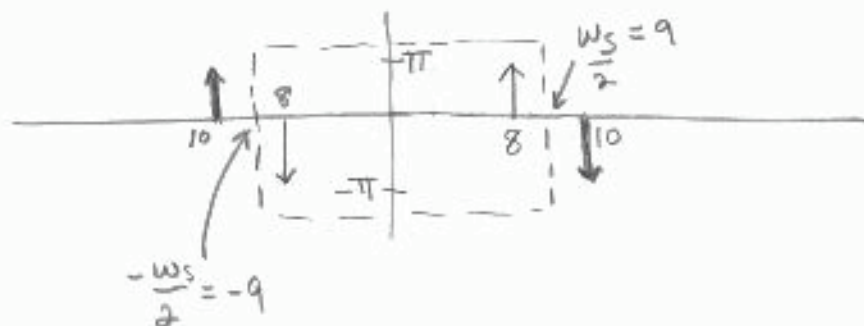


Homework 8 answers

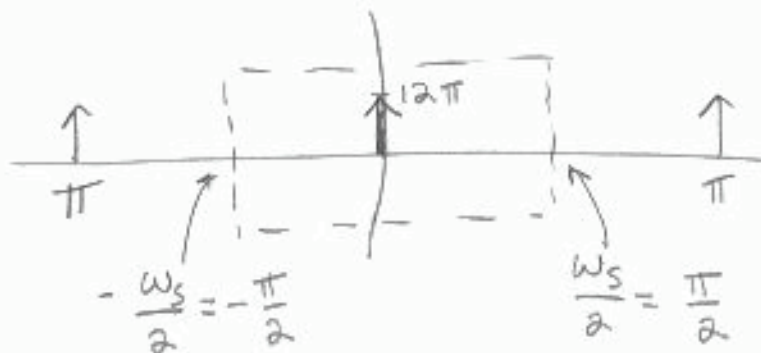
① A)

$\text{Im}\{X(\omega)\}$



$\frac{\omega_s}{2} = 9$
 yes,
 aliased
 signal
 is
 $-\sin(8t)$

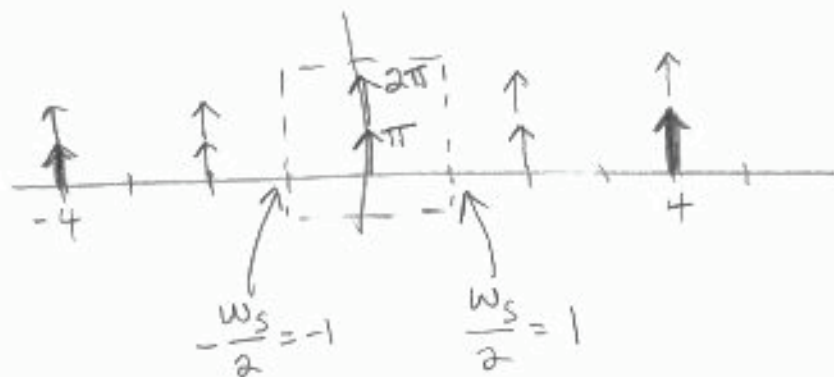
B) $\text{Re}\{X(\omega)\}$



no
 aliasing,

$\text{Re}\{X(\omega)\}$

C)



yes
 aliased signal
 is a
 constant 1

② Find the Z transform of

$$x[n] = 3\delta[n] + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n+2]$$

$$\text{since } x[n-n_0] \xleftrightarrow{z} z^{-n_0} x(z)$$

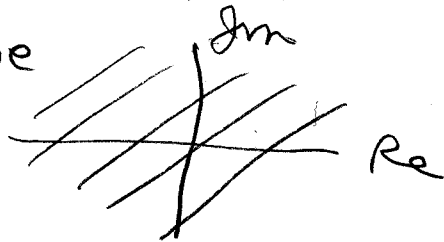
$$X(z) = 3 + z^{-2} + z^2$$

since $x[n]$ is finite length (stable)

ROC is entire Z plane,

no poles

Z-plane



$$\textcircled{4} \quad x[n] = \cos[n\omega_0]u[n]$$

$$= \frac{e^{jn\omega_0} + e^{-jn\omega_0}}{2} u[n]$$

$a = e^{j\omega_0}$ $a = e^{-j\omega_0}$

recall that

$$a^n u[n] \xleftrightarrow{z} \frac{z}{z-a} = \frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1-e^{j\omega_0}z^{-1}} + \frac{1}{1-e^{-j\omega_0}z^{-1}} \right) \leftarrow \text{poles at } z=1$$

$$= \frac{1 - \left[\frac{e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}}{2} \right] z^{-1}}{1 - [e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}] z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1 - (\cos \omega_0) z^{-1}}{1 - 2(\cos \omega_0) z^{-1} + z^{-2}}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] z^{-n}$$

$$m = -n$$

$$x[-n] \xleftrightarrow{z} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[m] z^{-m} =$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] z^n = X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$$